(Rev. 12-29-99)	F COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEYS DOCKET NO. H 3329 PCT/US									
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO TI DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFI CONCERNING A FILING UNDI	CE (DO/EO/US)	U.S. APPLICATION NO. (if known see 37 CFR 1.5)									
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/EP99/04836	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE  July 9, 1999	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED  July 18, 1998									
TITLE OF INVENTION METHOD FOR PREPARING	G ALCOXYLATED CARBOX	YLIC ACID ESTERS									
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Ansgar BEHLER and Almu	id FOLGE										
Applicant herewith submits to the United Sta	ates Designated/Elected Office (EO/DO/US) t	he following items and other information:									
1. This is a FIRST submission of ite	ems concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.										
2. D This is a SECOND or SUBSEQU	ENT submission of items concerning a filing	under 35 U.S.C. 371.									
	tional examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371) the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(										
A proper Demand for International	of Preliminary Examination was made by the 19	oth month from the earliest claimed priority date.									
A copy of the International Applic  a.  is transmitted herewith (re b. has been transmitted by t c.  is not required, as the app	A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).  a.  is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).  b. has been transmitted by the International Bureau.										
1 ,	olication into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).										
a. are transmitted herewith a b. have been transmitted by c. have not been made; how	b. have been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.										
S	the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 3	971(c)(3)).									
9. ■ An oath or declaration of the invento	or(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). (UNEXECUTI	<b>≣D)</b>									
10. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the I	nternational Preliminary Examination Report u	nder PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).									
Items 11. to 16. below concern other doe 11.   An Information Disclosure Statemen											
12.   An assignment document for record	ling. A separate cover sheet in compliance wi	th 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.									
13. ■ A FIRST preliminary amendment  □ A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT pre	liminary amendment.										
14.   A substitute specification.											
15. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/o	or address letter.										
16. ☐ Other items or information:											
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Total Claims	14 - 20 =	0	0 X \$1	8.00	\$	0			
Independent Claims	1 - 3 =	0	0 X \$80	0.00	\$	0			
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<ul> <li>b. Please charge my Deposit Account No. 50-1177 in the amount of \$860.00 to cover the above fees. A triplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. Order No. 01-0041.</li> <li>c. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-1177. A triplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</li> <li>NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137 (a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.</li> </ul>									
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## "Express Mail" mailing label number EL541613488US.

PATENT Docket No. H 3329 PCT/US

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

RE:

PCT/EP99/04836

International Filing Date: July 9, 1999 Priority Date Claimed: July 18, 1998

Applicant: Behler, et al.

Title: METHOD FOR PREPARING ALCOXYLATED CARBOXYLIC

**ACID ESTERS** 

Applicants' Reference: H 3329 PCT/US

## **PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Commissioner for Patents Box PCT Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

Before examination, in the national stage for the United States, of the abovecaptioned application under the Patent Convention Treaty, please amend as follows the translation supplied herewith of the application:

## In the Specification:

On page 1, please delete everything above the title.

On page 1, immediately above the title please insert --<u>TITLE OF THE INVENTION</u>:--

On page 1, between the title and line 1, please insert --<u>BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION</u>:--

On page 2, between lines 28 and 29, please insert --<u>SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION</u>:--

On page 3, between lines 11 and 12, please insert -- <u>DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION</u>:--

On page 9, at the beginning thereof please delete "CLAIMS",

On page 9, before claim 1, please add --What is claimed is:--

# Preliminary Amendment of U.S. National Stage for International Application PCT/EP99/04836 filed July 9, 1999

### In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 1-10.

Please add the following new claims 11-24.

- 11. A process for the production of alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters comprising reacting a carboxylic acid ester with an alkylene oxide having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms in the presence of a catalyst wherein the catalyst is a mixture comprised of a sodium and a potassium salt selected from the group consisting of hydroxides, oxides, carbonates, alcoholates and carboxylates wherein the weight ratio of the sodium to the potassium salt is from about 20:1 to about 1:20.
- 12. The process of claim 11 wherein the weight ratio of the sodium to the potassium salt is from about 10:1 to about 1:10.
- 13. The process of claim 12 wherein the weight ratio of the sodium to the potassium salt is from about 1:1 to about 1:5.
- 14. The process of claim 11 wherein the catalyst is comprised of a sodium alcoholate and a potassium salt selected from the group consisting of potassium hydroxide, potassium alcoholate, potassium carboxylate and combinations thereof.
- 15. The process of claim 14 wherein the sodium alcoholate is sodium methoxide.
- 16. The process of claim 11 wherein the catalyst is comprised of sodium hydroxide and a potassium salt selected from the group consisting of potassium hydroxide, a potassium alcoholate, a potassium carboxylate and combinations thereof
- 17. The process of claim 11 wherein the catalyst is comprised of sodium hydroxide and a potassium salt selected from the group consisting of potassium hydroxide, potassium methylate, potassium butylate, potassium acetate and

# Preliminary Amendment of U.S. National Stage for International Application PCT/EP99/04836 filed July 9, 1999

combinations thereof.

- 18. The process of claim 11 wherein the amount of the catalyst is from about 0.2 to about 5% by weight based on the alkoxylated carboxylic acid ester.
- 19. The process of claim 11 wherein the carboxylic acid ester is an ester of a  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acid and  $C_{1-22}$  monoalcohol or a polyol having from 2 to 6 hydroxyl groups and 2 to 32 carbon atoms.
- 20. The process of claim 19 wherein the carboxylic acid ester is a methyl ester of  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acid.
- 21. The process of claim 11 wherein the alkylene oxide is ethylene oxide.
- 22. The process of claim 11 wherein mole ratio of the carboxylic acid ester to the alkylene oxide is from about 1:1 to about 1:40.
- 23. The process of claim 11 wherein the process is carried out under autogenous pressure and at a temperature of from about 100 to about 180°C.
- 24. The process of claim 23 wherein the temperature is from about 160 to about 180°C.

#### REMARKS

Claims 11-24 are currently pending in the instant application.

The Specification has been amended to include the preferred section headings pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.77. It is submitted that the amendments to the Specification made herein introduce no new matter. Their entry is therefore proper and respectfully requested. An Abstract of the Disclosure in accordance with the abstract of the corresponding international publication has been added on a separate sheet following the claims.

# Preliminary Amendment of U.S. National Stage for International Application PCT/EP99/04836 filed July 9, 1999

Original claims 1-10 have been canceled and replaced with new claims 11-24 solely for the purpose of improving clarity and grammar, which may suffer in translation, and not for any reason related to the statutory requirements for a patent. New claims 11-24 have not been added in response to any rejection, nor in anticipation of any rejection related to the statutory requirements for a patent. Applicants respectfully submit that the scope of new claims 11-24 corresponds to the scope of original claims 1-10 and that new claims 11-24 are no narrower than original claims 1-10. Furthermore, although a moot point in view of their cancellation, Applicants respectfully submit that original claims 1-10 satisfied the requirements of 35 U.S.C. § 112, as filed. New claims 11-24 are supported by the specification and no new matter has been introduced. Entry is therefore proper and respectfully requested.

Prompt examination of the instant application in view of the amendments made herein is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

John E. Drach

(Reg. No. 32,891) Attorney for Applicants

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#### 1

# Method for Preparing Alcoxylated Carboxylic Acid Esters

This invention relates to a process for the production of alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters in the presence of a basic homogeneous catalyst mixture containing sodium and potassium compounds in a selected mixing ratio.

Alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters, preferably ethoxylated carboxylic acid methyl esters (which are also known as methyl ester ethoxylates), are known nonionic surfactants which have recently acquired considerable interest by virtue of their excellent washing performance.

They are normally produced by reacting carboxylic acid esters with alkylene oxides in the presence of basic catalysts, the alkylene oxides being inserted into the carbonyl ester compound. The insertion of alkylene oxides into the carbonyl ester compound is far more difficult than the addition of alkylene oxides onto compounds containing acidic hydrogen atoms and, accordingly, can only be achieved using special catalysts.

The use of calcined or fatty-acid-modified hydrotalcites for the ethoxylation of fatty acid esters is known from EP-B1-0 339 425 and EP-B1-0 523 089. According to DE-A1 44 46 064, the ethoxylation of methyl esters is carried out in the presence of mixed metal oxides which have been surface-modified with metal hydroxides or metal alkoxides. Unfortunately, these processes have a number of disadvantages. The use of heterogeneous catalysts, i.e. catalysts insoluble in the reaction mixture, involves problems of a technical nature because, unlike a liquid, the solid cannot be introduced into the reactor via an automatic metering system, but normally has to be scooped into the reactor by hand. Separation of the catalyst is also problematical because the catalyst generally consists of such fine particles that special filter candles have to be used for filtration. However, the catalyst cannot be left in the end reaction product either

EP-A2-0 335 295 describes a process for the production of alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters using a homogeneous catalyst which does not have any of the above-described disadvantages of heterogeneous catalysis. The catalysts used are alkali metal or alkaline earth metal compounds from the group of hydroxides, oxides and alcoholates which are always used individually and not in admixture. Unfortunately, catalysts such as these do not accelerate the reaction to the required extent on their own so that long reaction times are unavoidable.

According to **DE-C-196 11 508** and **EP-A1-0 783 012**, alkylene glycols and silicon compounds, respectively, are added as co-catalysts to the alkali metal and alkaline earth metal compounds. In the case of the silicon compounds, the same disadvantages that attend heterogeneous catalysis are encountered on account of the insolubility of the co-catalyst in the reaction mixture. Although, in the variant with the alkylene glycols, catalysis is homogeneous, polyethylene glycols undesirable in view of their tendency to sediment are formed because the alkylene glycols also react with the alkylene oxides used during the process.

Accordingly, the problem addressed by the invention was to provide a process for the production of alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters which would not be attended by any of the disadvantages mentioned above and which would ensure that the catalysts used on the one hand would dissolve in the reaction product and, on the other hand, would have such high reactivity that shorter reaction times would be possible for the same product quality.

The problem stated above has been solved by the use of a basic catalyst mixture of sodium and potassium compounds in a selected mixing ratio.

In one embodiment, the present invention relates to a process for the production of alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters by reacting C<sub>2-4</sub>

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alkylene oxides in the presence of a basic catalyst, characterized in that a mixture of sodium and potassium compounds from the group of hydroxides, oxides, carbonates, alcoholates and carboxylates in a ratio by weight of sodium to potassium compounds of 20:1 to 1:20 is used as the basic catalyst.

Whereas the sodium or potassium compounds on their own have only minimal activity as catalytsts so that, technically speaking, long reaction times have to be accepted for the alkoxylation of the carboxylic acid esters, it has surprisingly been found that mixtures of the described sodium and potassium compounds in certain ratios have a significantly higher activity so that the same reaction takes place far more quickly.

## Carboxylic acid esters

The carboxylic acid esters suitable as starting materials for the alkoxylation are esters of carboxylic acids with monoalcohols or esters of carboxylic acids with polyols. Preferred carboxylic acids are  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acids of natural or synthetic origin, more particularly linear, saturated and/or unsaturated fatty acids, including the technical mixtures thereof which can be obtained by lipolysis from animal and/or vegetable fats and oils, for example from coconut oil, palm kernel oil, palm oil, soybean oil, sunflower oil, rapeseed oil, cottonseed oil, fish oil, bovine tallow and lard. Examples of such preferred carboxylic acids are caproic acid, caprylic acid, 2-ethylhexanoic acid, capric acid, lauric acid, isotridecanoic acid, myristic acid, palmitic acid, palmitoleic acid, stearic acid, isostearic acid, oleic acid, elaidic acid, petroselic acid, linoleic acid, linolenic acid, elaeostearic acid, arachic acid, gadoleic acid, behenic acid and/or erucic acid.

Suitable monoalcohols are primary alcohols containing 1 to 22 carbon atoms which may be saturated and/or unsaturated. Examples of suitable monoalcohols are methanol, ethanol, propanol, butanol, pentanol

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and the hydrogenation products of the above mentioned  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acids. The methyl esters of the  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acids are particularly preferred.

Suitable polyols contain 2 to 6 hydroxyl groups in the molecule and 2 to 32 carbon atoms. Examples of suitable polyols are ethylene glycol, 1,2-propylene glycol, 1,2-butylene glycol, neopentyl glycol, glycerol, diglycerol, triglycerol, trimethylol propane, pentaerythritol and sorbitol. If carboxylic acid esters of polyols are used, they may be present as full esters or as partial esters or as technical ester mixtures containing partial esters, more particularly in the form of glycerides.

In a particularly preferred embodiment of the invention, methyl esters of  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acids, more particularly methyl esters of  $C_{12-18}$  carboxylic acids, are used as starting compound.

### 15 Alkylene oxides

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The alkylene oxides used are ethylene oxide, propylene oxide and/or butylene oxide, preferably ethylene oxide and/or propylene oxide, more particularly ethylene oxide on its own.

## 20 Catalysts

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The basic catalyst used is a mixture of sodium compounds and potassium compounds from the group of hydroxides, oxides, carbonates, alcoholates and carboxylates. Suitable alcoholates are the corresponding sodium and potassium compounds derived from monoalcohols containing 1 to 6 carbon atoms and preferably up to 4 carbon atoms, for example from methanol, ethanol, propanol, n-butanol or t-butanol. Suitable carboxylates are the corresponding sodium and potassium compounds derived from monobasic carboxylic acids containing 1 to 22 carbon atoms and preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms, for example from acetic acid, propionic acid, butyric acid and from the  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acids already described in connection

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with the carboxylic acid esters.

The sodium and potassium compounds in the catalyst mixtures may come from the same group, i.e. both are, for example, hydroxides or alcoholates, or from different groups, i.e. one compound is an alcoholate and the other a carboxylate or hydroxide. In one embodiment of the invention, the catalyst mixture contains a sodium alcoholate, more particularly sodium methylate. Accordingly, catalyst mixtures consisting of sodium alcoholates, more particularly sodium methylate, and potassium hydroxide, potassium alcoholates and/or potassium carboxylates, more particularly potassium hydroxide, potassium methylate, potassium butylate (from t-butanol) and/or potassium acetate, are preferred. In another embodiment of the invention, the catalyst mixture consists of sodium hydroxide and potassium hydroxide, potassium alcoholates and/or potassium carboxylates, more particularly potassium hydroxide, potassium methylate, potassium butylate (from t-butanol) and/or potassium acetate.

The mixing ratio of sodium to potassium compounds in the catalyst mixture to be used in accordance with the invention is 20:1 to 1:20, preferably 10:1 to 1:10 and more preferably 1:1 to 1:5. In the context of the present invention, the mixing ratio is defined as the ratio by weight of the sodium compound to the potassium compound.

The catalyst mixture otherwise contains no other catalytically active constituents.

The catalyst mixture is preferably used in quantities of 0.2 to 5% by weight, based on alkoxylated carboxylic acid ester as reaction product. Although larger quantities by weight may be used, they are uneconomical. Smaller quantities by weight may also be used but lengthen the reaction time.

## **Alkoxylation**

The alkoxylation reaction may be carried out in known manner. To

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this end, the carboxylic acid ester is normally introduced into a stirrerequipped autoclave and the homogeneous catalyst is subsequently added, for example as a solid or in the form of a solution, preferably in water and/or in methanol. It has proved to be of advantage to purge the autoclave thoroughly with nitrogen before the reaction to remove all traces of atmospheric oxygen and to remove methanol used as solvent by evacuation. The autoclave is then heated. The alkoxylation reaction is carried out at temperatures of preferably 100 to 180°C and more preferably 160 to 180°C. The alkylene oxide, which may be ethylene oxide, propylene oxide or mixtures of both, is introduced into the reactor by a siphon. The autogenous pressure can rise to about 5 bar. The alkylene oxide, preferably ethylene oxide, is preferably used in a quantity of on average 1 to 40 moles and more preferably 5 to 15 moles per mole of carboxylic acid ester. In other words, the molar ratio of carboxylic acid ester to alkylene oxides is in the range from 1:1 to 1:40 and preferably in the range from 1:5 to 1:15. The addition of the alkylene oxide is statistical, i.e. the insertion is not a highly selective reaction in which 1 mole of fatty acid alkyl ester reacts with exactly n moles of alkylene oxide. Instead, a complex mixture of esters alkoxylated to different degrees is obtained. The reaction is over when the pressure in the reactor falls to about 0.5 bar. For safety reasons, it is advisable to stir the mixture for another 30 minutes before the reactor is cooled and vented. If desired, the alkaline catalyst can be neutralized by the addition of acids, for example phosphoric acid, acetic acid, lactic acid or the like.

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## Commercial Applications

The alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters can be produced in a relatively short reaction time of under 4 hours by the process according to the invention. Compared with the use of sodium methylate, for example, on its own as the basic catalyst, this means that the reaction time is halved,

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more particularly for comparable product quality.

The present invention relates to the use of the alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters produced by the process according to the invention as a surfactant for the production of laundry detergents, dishwashing detergents and cleaners, more particularly manual dishwashing detergents, multipurpose cleaners, floor cleaners, glass cleaners, dishwasher detergents and liquid laundry detergents.

The alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters are nonionic surfactants with high cleaning performance and, accordingly, may be used in combination with other anionic, nonionic and/or cationic surfactants in laundry detergents, dishwashing detergents and cleaners, preferably in quantities of 0.5 to 30% by weight, based on laundry detergent, dishwashing detergent or cleaner. The corresponding detergents/cleaners may additionally contain typical ingredients in typical quantities.

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#### **Examples**

General procedure. 290 g (1.34 mole) of lauric acid methyl ester were introduced into a 1-liter stirred autoclave and the proposed quantity of catalyst mixture was added. The autoclave was closed and was then alternately purged with nitrogen and evacuated for 30 mins. at 100°C three times to rule out the presence of atmospheric oxygen. The reaction mixture was then heated to 165°C-175°C under a nitrogen blanket and 710 g (16.13 moles) of ethylene oxide were introduced in portions, the autogenous pressure initially rising to 3.5 bar. The reaction was continued until the pressure had fallen to 0.5 bar. After stirring for another 30 minutes, the autoclave was cooled and vented. The results of the tests are set out in Table 1. The quantities of catalysts used (in % by weight) are based on the end product (ethoxylated lauric acid ester).

**Table 1.** Catalyst composition
Ethoxylation of lauric acid methyl ester

Ex.	Sodium compound	% by	Potassium	% by	Reaction
		weight	compound	weight	time (h)
1.	Sodium methylate <sup>1</sup>	0.5	Potassium acetate	0.5	3.5
2	Sodium methylate <sup>1</sup>	0.5	Potassium acetate	3.0	2.0
3	Sodium methylate <sup>1</sup>	0.5	Potassium methylate <sup>1</sup>	0.5	2.25
4	Sodium methylate <sup>1</sup>	0.5	Potassium-t-butylate	0.5	2.25
5	Sodium hydroxide <sup>2</sup>	0.5	Potassium hydroxide <sup>2</sup>	0.5	3.5
C1	Sodium methylate <sup>1</sup>	2.0	None	-	8.5
C2	Sodium methylate1	0.5	Sodium acetate	0.5	Over 8.5;
					terminated <sup>3</sup>
C3	Potassium hydroxide <sup>2</sup>	0.5	Potassium acetate	3.0	Over 8.5;
L					terminated <sup>3</sup>

<sup>1 30%</sup> by weight solution in methanol

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 50% by weight solution in water

the reaction was terminated if the uptake of ethylene oxide was not complete (no drop in pressure to 0.5 bar)

#### **CLAIMS**

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- 1. A process for the production of alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters by reacting alkylene oxides containing 2 to 4 carbon atoms in the presence of a basic catalyst, characterized in that a mixture of sodium and potassium compounds from the group of hydroxides, oxides, carbonates, alcoholates and carboxylates in a ratio by weight of sodium to potassium compounds of 20:1 to 1:20 is used as the basic catalyst.
- 2. A process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the sodium and potassium compounds are used in a mixing ratio of 10:1 to 1:10 and preferably 1:1 to 1:5.
- 3. A process as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that sodium alcoholates, preferably sodium methylate, are used in admixture with potassium hydroxide, potassium alcoholates and/or potassium carboxylates.
- 4. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that sodium hydroxide is used in admixture with potassium hydroxide, potassium alcoholates and/or potassium carboxylates, preferably potassium hydroxide, potassium methylate, potassium butylate and/or potassium acetate.
- 20 5. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the catalyst mixture is used in quantities of 0.2 to 5% by weight, based on alkoxylated carboxylic acid ester.
  - 6. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that esters of  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acids and  $C_{1-22}$  monoalcohols or with polyols containing 2 to 6 hydroxyl groups and 2 to 32 carbon atoms, more particularly methyl esters of  $C_{6-22}$  carboxylic acids, are used as the carboxylic acid esters.
  - 7. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that ethylene oxide is used as the alkylene oxide.
- 30 8. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that

the carboxylic acid esters and alkylene oxides are used in a molar ratio of 1:1 to 1:40.

- 9. A process as claimed in any of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that the reaction is carried out under autogenous pressure at temperatures in the range from 100 to 180°C and preferably at temperatures in the range from 160 to 180°C.
- 10. The use of the alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters obtained by the process claimed in claims 1 to 9 as a surfactant for the production of laundry detergents, dishwashing detergents and cleaners.

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## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Alkoxylated carboxylic acid esters are made by a process which comprises reacting a carboxylic acid ester with an alkylene oxide having from 2 to 4 carbon atoms in the presence of a catalyst wherein the catalyst is a mixture comprised of a sodium and a potassium salt selected from the group consisting of hydroxides, oxides, carbonates, alcoholates and carboxylates wherein the weight ratio of the sodium to the potassium salt is from about 20:1 to about 1:20.

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010/PTO Rev. 6/95	U.S. Department of Commerce Patent and Trademark Office	Attorney Docket Number	H 3329 PCT/US
DECLARAT	TION FOR	First Named Inventor	BEHLER, Ansgar
UTILITY OF	R DESIGN	C	COMPLETE IF KNOWN
PATENT APP	PLICATION	Application Number	09/744,001
		Filing Date	03/16/2001
Declaration Of Submitted	Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing	Group Art Unit	
with Initial Filing	Initial Filing	Examiner Name	
the specification of which is attached hereto OR X was filed on (MM/DD/YYY)		as United St	tates Application Number or PCT International
Application Number PCT/EF	P99/04836 and		
amendment specifically referred to abo	understand the contents of the above	was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY)  e identified specification, including the cli- lity as defined in Title 37 Code of Federa	•
amendment specifically referred to about acknowledge the duty to disclose info  I hereby claim foreign priority benefits uncertificate, or §365(a) of any PCT Intermand have also identified below, by checking	understand the contents of the above we. rmation which is material to patentab der Title 35, United States Code §11s ational application which designated ing the box, any foreign application fo	e identified specification, including the clitity as defined in Title 37 Code of Federa  (a)-(d) or §365(b) of any foreign application at least one country other than the United the content of the country other than the United the country of th	laims, as amended by any al Regulations, § 1 56.  ion(s) for patent or inventor's d States of America, listed below
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DECL	ARATION					Pa	ige 2	*	,
I hereby claim the benefit under Title designating the United States of Amprior United States or PCT internatio duty to disclose information which is the filling date of the prior application	orica, listed below and nal application in the material to patentabi	d, insofar as the manner provided lity as defined in	subject ma I by the firs Title 37, Co	tter of ea t paragn ode of Fo	ech of the claims aph of Title 35, L ederal Regulatio	of this appli Inited States	cation is not Code §112.	disclosed in 1 acknowle	n the dge the
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Marrison	PCT/EP99/0		07/09				(ii application)		
Additional U.S. or PCT interna	ational application nu	mbers are listed	on a suppl	emental	priority sheet att	ached heret	0.		
As a named inventor, I hereby appoint Trademark Office connected therewi		ey(s) and/or age	nt(s) to pro:	secute ti	nis application a	nd to transac	all busines	s in the Pat	ent and
Firm Name					Customer Number ~	label			
X List Attorney(s) and/or age	nt(s) name and reg		r below:						
Name		Registration Number				Name		Registrat Numb	
John E. Drach Steven J. Trzaska		32,891 36,296			Ettelman ⁄lillson, Jr.		-	42,516 18,980	
Additional attorney(s) and/o	or agent(s) named	on a supplemen	tal_sheet	attache	d hereto.				
Please direct all correspondence to:	X Customer Number	or label		236	57	OR [		correspond ss below	ience
Name John E. Drac	h								
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State

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Additional inventors are being named on supplemental sheet(s) attached hereto

Country

Country

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Inventor's Signature

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Date

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Citizenship

Applicant Authority Germany

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DECLARATION ADDITIONAL INVENTOR(S) Supplemental Sheet													
Name of A	Name of Additional Joint Inventor, if any:  A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor												entor
Given Name	Almud			Mide Initia			Family Name	_	olge			Suffix e.g. Jr.	
Inventor's Signature	<i>(</i> 2)	bound Fo	Qe.							Date	0.11.	31/2	201
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Ad	ditional i	nventors are bei	ng name	d on s	uppier	mental s	heet(s)	atta	ched hereto		, warongy		